TEST REPORT

REPORT NUMBER: AU12094055-1
ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE: January 16, 2013

EVALUATION CENTER

Intertek Testing Services Ltd., Shanghai Jingiao Brunch Building T52-8, No. 1201 Gui Qiao Roa Jinqiao Development Area, Pudong District Shanghai 201206

RENDERED TO

Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd Industrial Zone, Jin hu county Jiangsu,China

RODUCT EVALUATED

A2 Fire 2 sistant Aluminum Composite Panel Model: PVDF 4mm 50S

EVALUATION PROPERTY2 Hours Fire Resistance

Report of Testing A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel-

PV. F 4mm 50S in a Wall Assembly for compliance with the applicable recirements of the following criteria: ASTM E119 – 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.

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2 Introduction

Intertek Testing Services has conducted testing for Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd on A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel –PVDF 4mm 50S to evaluate its fire resistance characteristics. The A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel –PVDF 4mm 50S was evaluated in a Wall Assembly to determine the fire resistance characteristics for a 2 hours rating. Testing was conducted in accordance with ASTM E119 - 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials. This evaluation began on December 25, 2010 and was completed on December 28, 2012.

3 Test Samples

3.1. SAMPLE SELECTION

Samples were randomly selected on November16, 2012 by in lertex representative Star Shi, at Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd. manufacturing facility, located at Industrial Zone, Jinhu county Jiangsu,China. Samples were received at the Evaluation Center on December 5, 2012.

3.2. SAMPLE AND ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Paner, Nominal Thickness: 4mm Trade name: ALMINE

A 3m x 3m non-load bearing wall assemble vas constructed using 48.5mm x 100mm x 0.7mm galvanized steel study spaced 600nm, center between 35mm x 100mm x 0.7mm galvanized steel tracks. The study were fast oned to the track on one side of the wall; the other side was fastened to the opposite side of the wall. The study were cut nominally 6mm short at each end. In this manner, the study were noticed. The 15mm thick gypsum board were applied to the interior side of the study using 15mm long drywall screws spaced 200mm around the perimeter and 250 mm in the field. The study cavity was insulated with 100mm thick mineral wool of 100 kg/m³. Each side of the vall was covered with two layers of 15mm thick, fire resistance gypsum wallboard, installed vertically. The wallboard joints were staggered so that the wall was representative of typical construction. Each side of the wall was covered with one layer of A2 Fire Resistant A. minum Composite Panel, positioned vertically. The product was fastened to the framing using 3.5 x 45 mm drywall screws spaced at 200mm on center. The materials used in the wall assembly were listed as below:

Steel stud 48.5mm x 100mm x 0.7mm, Manufactured by Lafarge 35mm x 100mm x 0.7mm, Manufactured by Lafarge

Gypsum board 3000mm x 1220mm x 15 mm fire resistance board, Manufactured by Lafarge

Drywall screws 3.5 x 45 mm, Manufactured by Lafarge

Mineral wool Density: 100kg/m³, Manufactured by Shanghai Mineral Wool LTD.

Sealant CP 25WB+ Fire Barrier Sealant, Manufactured by 3M Additional construction details of the wall assembly are included in Appendix A.

4 Testing and Evaluation Methods

Testing was conducted in accordance with ASTM E119 - 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.

The test assembly was installed in a steel restraint frame. The restraint frame was allowed the sample to be moved in front of the furnace for the fire exposure. The nominal dimensions of the test wall were 3m high by 3m wide.

After positioning the assembly frame over the furnace opening, the burners were ignited and the timer was started. Temperatures within the furnace were monitored using them occuples and the data was recorded. The burners were controlled to keep the furnace temperatures within the allowable limits specified in the test standards. After 5 minutes, the funder or ssure was adjusted so that the neutral plane was established at a 1016mm (40in) or more below the top of the sample. Periodic observations were made of the surfaces of the jest a sembly during the fire resistance test.

Immediately after the Fire Endurance Test, the assembly frame was a loved into position for the Hose Stream Test. The exposed surface of the test assembly was subjected to the impact, erosion, and cooling effects of a hose stream described in the test standards.

Position for measurement of unexposed temperature vas presented in the drawing of Appendix B.

5 Testing and Evaluation Results

5.1. RESULTS AND OBSERVATIONS

The wall withstood the fire endurance test without passage of flame or gases hot enough to ignite cotton waste, for 2 hours. To through openings or penetrations were evident at the conclusion of the fire exposure partial of the test. During the fire exposure period no significant flaming was observed on the prexposed face of the assembly.

Transmission of heat tingugh, ne wall during the fire endurance test did not raise the average temperature on the unexpooled surface more than 139°C.

The wall withstend the bose stream test without passage of water. After 2 hours of exposure, the wall assembly has removed from the furnace, and exposed, against the heated surface, to the impact, cooling and erosion effects of the hose stream test. The water pressure at base of nozzle was 207 kPa, and the distance between the nozzle and the wall surface was 6 m. The water was applied for a total period of 2 minutes 30 seconds based on a total exposed area of 9 square meters and a required duration of 1.5 seconds per square foot. No openings developed that permitted a projection of water from the stream beyond the unexposed surface during the time of the hose stream test.

A full set of test data is included in Appendix C, and photographs have been presented in Appendix D.

6 Conclusion

The A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel – PVDF 4mm 50S in a Wall Assembly identified in this report has been tested in accordance with ASTM E119 - 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, for a fire resistance rating of 2 hours under neutral furnace pressure.

The test assembly met the requirements for a 2 hours exposure period with hose stream.

The conclusions of this test report may not be used as part of the requirements for Intertek product certification. Authority to Mark must be issued for a product to become certified.

INTERTEK

Reported by:

Star Shi

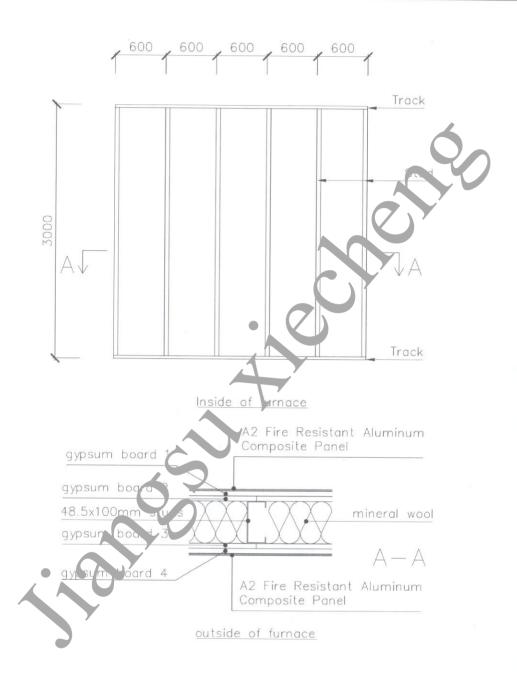
Engineer, Building Products

Reviewed by:

Sun Sun

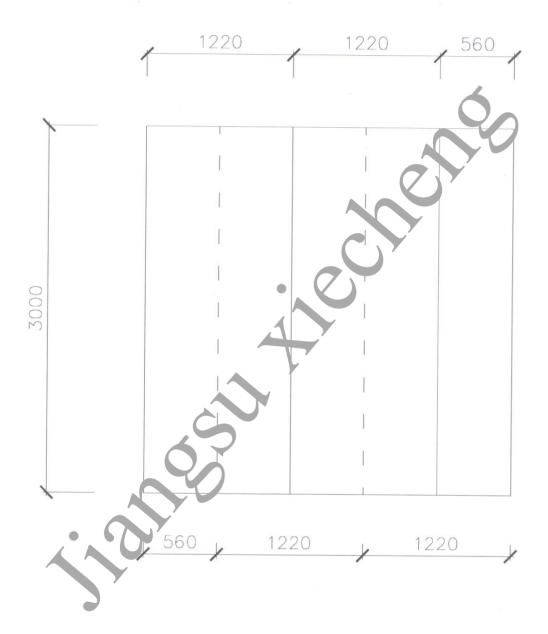
Technical Supervisor Building Products

7 Appendix A: Drawings of the Wall Assembly

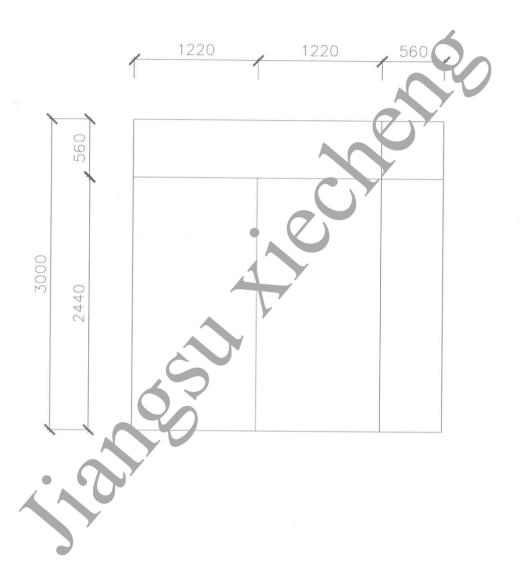


A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel+2 layers 15mm gypsum board +C100 studs + mineral wool + 2 layers 15mm gypsum board + A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel
Studs space = 600 mm o.c

Stud and Track Framing

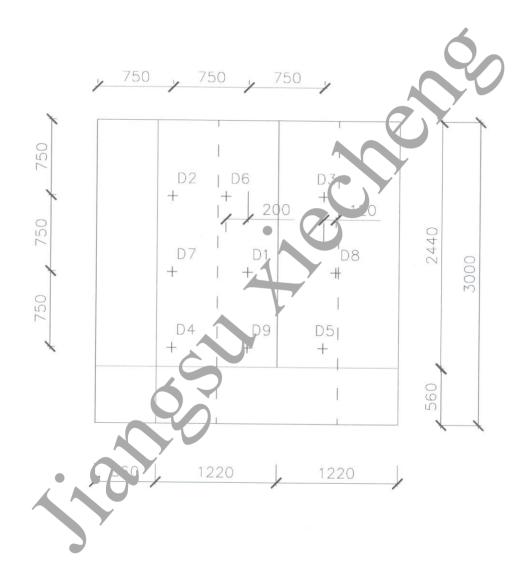


Base Wall Panel (Gypsum Board)



Face Wall Panel (A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel) EXPOSED SIDE

8 Appendix B: Test Measurement Data



D6, D8 on the studs

POSITION FOR MEASUREMENT OF UNEXPOSED TEMPERATURE

9 **Appendix C: Test Data**

Intertek

Test:

Fire Resistance

Test Date: Job No:

2012-12-28

Client:

AU12094055

Sample:

Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel

Sample ID:

PVDF 4mm 50S

ASTM E119 - 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of

Building Construction and Materials. Nonbearing Walls and Partitions (Optional Program per 11.3)

Standards: Procedure:

50-90°F (10-32°C) and ambient humidity

Conditioning: Duration:

minutes

Furnace

Pressure:

After less than 5 minutes, 1016mm (40 in.) or more below the top of the

Equipment:

Reviewer:

Eng/Tech:

Item	ID	Cal Due Date
Full Scale Vertical Furnace	SH1097	n/a
Furnace pressure gauge	SH1097-15	20 \ 427
Test Clock	SH1042	2013.8. 3
Furnace thermocouple 1-3	SH1097-1~3	20 3.4.27
Ambient temperature gauge	SH1097-11	2013.4.27
Unexposed thermocouple	SH1097-12~14	2 13.4 7
Clearance Measurements	SH1057-1	2013.12.13
Displacement Measurements	SH103	20 13.8.18

Temperature-

Time Curve:

According to ASTM E119, Section 5

Furnace

Temperatures:

According to ASTM E119, Section 6

Unexposed

Temperatures:

Thermocouple

Pads:

According to ASTM E119, Section 7 Length and width 152 \pm 3 mm, wiskness 9.5 \pm 1.6 mm, dry weight 67 \pm 24g, conductivity 0.053 \pm 0.00/ N/mK and 5°C, hardness indentation on soft face 1.9 \pm 0.6mm

Reviewer: 2 5 5 Sun Sun

Eng/Tech: Starsh

Star Shi

150 seconds

Intertek

Test: Test Date: Fire Resistance

2012-12-28

Job No:

AU12094055

Client:

Sample:

Sample ID:

PVDF 4mm 50S

Standards: Procedure: and Materials.

Report of

Results:

Test Specimen:

Fire Endurance Hose Stream:

Water Pressure:

Length: Width:

Exposed Area:

Conditioning of

Test Specimen: Size of

Specimen:

Conditions of

Acceptance:

Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel

ASTM E119 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction

Nonbearing Walls and Partitions (Optional Program per 11.3)

According to ASTM E119, Section 8 According to ASTM E119, Section 9 According to ASTM E119, Section 10 According to ASTM E119, Section 11

207 kPA 3.0 m

3.0 m 9.0 m²

According to ASTM E119, Section 12 According to ASTM E119, Section 17

According to ASTM E119, Section 18

Cotton Pad Time Perform nce Observations Check Initial Test started 5'00" Little smoke released from the joists between the sample and the frame 30'00" No visible change is observed. 60'00" No visible change is a ferved. 70'00" Obvious described at the center of the wall. 90'00" e is observed. 120 No ignition Test terminated, no openings, excessive flaming, etc. Requirement No ignition No oper incomexcessive flaming, etc

Distance from specime

Duration

Hose Stream	N	o énings, etc	
Requirement		openings, etc	

Intertek

Test: Test Date: Fire Resistance 2012-12-28

Reviewer: 2 5~

Job No:

AU12094055

Client:

Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd

Sample:

A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel

Eng/Tech: Star shi

Sample ID:

PVDF 4mm 50S

Star Shi

Standards:

ASTM E119 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction

and Materials.

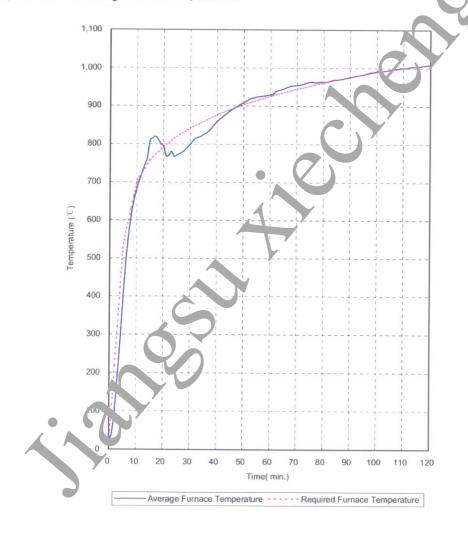
Procedure:

Nonbearing Walls and Partitions (Optional Program per 11.3)

Furnace

Temperatures:

According to ASTM E119, Section 6



Star Shi

Reviewer:

Eng/Tech:

Intertek

Test:

Fire Resistance

Test Date:

2012-12-28

Job No:

AU12094055

Client:

Jiangsu Xiecheng Science And Technology Deve.Co.,Ltd A2 Fire Resistant Aluminum Composite Panel

Sample: Sample ID:

PVDF 4mm 50S

ASTM E119 12, Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.

Standards: Procedure:

Nonbearing Walls and Partitions (Optional Program per 11.3)

Unexposed

Temperatures: According to ASTM E119, Section 7

Time	Ambient (° C)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)	T3 (°C)	T4 (°C)	T5 (°C)	T6 (°C)	T7 (°C)	T: (°c	T9 (*(°))	Mean (°C)
0	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		8	8
1	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	.8	8	8
5	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		3	8	8
10	9	8	8	9	8	8	9	9		8	8
15	9	8	8	9	8	8			9	8	8
20	9	9	9	10	8	9	10	10	10	8	9
25	9	9	9	11	9	9	0	1/	10	9	10
30	9	9	10	12	9	9	11	12	11	9	10
35	9	9	10	12	9	9_	12	13	12	9	11
40	9	10	13	13	12	/11		18	19	13	14
45	9	15	16	15	3	14	23	24	26	18	18
50	9	19	19	18	17	16	28	28	27	24	22
55	9	25	24	24	23	22	31	33	33	29	27
60	9	28	29	28	. 27	2,5	34	36	35	31	30
65	9	32	34	32	. — —	27	38	38	38	32	33
70	9	36	37	37	33	34	42	41	45	35	38
75	10	40	42	42	38	39	46	43	47	40	42
80	10	43	45	`5	41	42	50	45	51	43	45
85	10	43	45	46	/ 42	43	53	45	55	43	46
90	10	43	46	47	43	45	57	45	59	43	48
95	10	43	46	4.	43	45	57	45	60	43	48
100	10	43		48	43	45	59	46	61	43	48
105	10	44	47	48	44	45	62	46	64	43	49
110	10	48	48	49	45	46	63	47	65	43	50
115	10	5ა		51	47	47	67	50	68	44	53
120	10	57	51	53	48	49	69	52	71	44	55
Temp. Rise	N/A	45		45	40	41	61	44	63	36	47
Requirement	N/A				A	180		k	l.		139

10 Appendix D: Test Photographs



Fig. 1 - Exposed Side bero e the Fire Test



Fig. 2 - Unexposed Side before the Fire Test



Fig. 3 – Unexposed Side after 30 mmutes



Fig. 4 – Unexposed Side after 60 Minutes



Fig. 5 – Unexposed Side after 9 Minutes



Fig. 6 –Unexposed Side after 120Minutes



Fig. 7 - Exposed Side after 120 tip tes



Fig. 8 – Exposed Side during Hose Stream Test



Fig. 9 – Exposed Side during Have a m Test



Fig. 10 - Unexposed Side after Hose Stream Test

11 Revision Page

Revision No.	Date	Changes	Author	Reviewer
0	January 16, 2013	First issue	Star Shi	Sun Sun
				RO)

END OF DOCUMENT